



**ALBANY COMMON COUNCIL
PUBLIC SAFETY COMMITTEE
Kelly Kimbrough, Chair**

Meeting called by: Kelly Kimbrough, Chair Date: 2-08-21 Time: 5:30PM

**Brett William, Assist. Corporation Counsel
Ava Avery, Director of Government Law Center, Albany Law
Center
Greg McGee, Albany Police Department
Nairobi Vives, Community Police Review Board (CPRB)
Jasmine Higgins, Mayor's Office**

Invitees/Speakers

Committee Members Present: Kimbrough, Chair ☒ Balarin ☒ Frederick ☒ Hoey ☒ Igoe ☒

Present:

Council Members

Present: Doesschate, Robinson, Fahey, Johnson and Ellis

City Personnel

Present: Danielle Gillespie and John-Raphael Pichardo

Minutes

Agenda Item:

THE COMMITTEE WILL DISCUSS THE CITY OF ALBANY'S POLICE REFORM & REINVENTION COLLABORATIVE RECOMMENDATIONS

LOCAL LAW J of 2020 (As Amended 02/01/2021)

A LOCAL LAW AMENDING ARTICLE XLIV (GENERAL PROVISIONS) OF PART 33 (COMMUNITY POLICE REVIEW BOARD) OF CHAPTER 42 (DEPARTMENTS AND COMMISSIONS) OF PART I OF THE CODE OF THE CITY OF ALBANY IN RELATION TO THE OPERATION OF THE CPRB

Points of Discussion:

- The Chair and President Pro Tem Kimbrough called meeting to order.
- Council member Richard Conti explains amendments to Local Law J of 2020

LOCAL LAW J of 2020 (As Amended 02/01/2021)

A LOCAL LAW AMENDING ARTICLE XLIV (GENERAL PROVISIONS) OF PART 33 (COMMUNITY POLICE REVIEW BOARD) OF CHAPTER 42 (DEPARTMENTS AND COMMISSIONS) OF PART I OF THE CODE OF THE CITY OF ALBANY IN RELATION TO THE OPERATION OF THE CPRB

BE IT ENACTED by the Common Council of the City of Albany as follows:

Section 1. Article XLIV (General Provisions) of Part 33 (Community Police Review Board) of Chapter 42 (Departments and Commissions) of Part I of the Code of the City of Albany is amended to read as follows:

§ 42-332. Legislative findings; purpose.

A. The Common Council hereby finds and declares that abuse of authority, incivility, rudeness, prejudice or discrimination based upon race, gender, color, national origin, economic status, religion, age, sexual orientation, marital or domestic partner status, or mental or physical ability has no place in the actions, customs, practices, policies or procedures of the City of Albany Police Department.

B. The Common Council further finds and declares that it is in the public interest of the City of Albany to have an independent mechanism to fairly review the conduct of law enforcement officials.

C. The Common Council further finds and declares that the conduct of law enforcement officials is subject to public, departmental and executive scrutiny and accountability.

D. The Common Council further finds and declares that an effective program to improve the relationship between the community and the Albany Police Department requires certain independent authority and power to review the handling of complaints of police misconduct.

E. The purpose of this Part 33 is to create an independent review body with respect to complaints of misconduct by officers of the Albany Police Department. The remedies created by this Part 33 are in addition to any others provided by common law or statute. Its goals are to improve communication between the Police Department and the community, to increase police accountability and credibility with the public and to create a complaint review process that is free from bias and informed of actual police practices.

§ 42-333. Definitions.

For purposes of this Part, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings described in this section:

ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY

The Agency responsible for administration of the CPRB pursuant a Request for Qualifications (RFQs).

APD

The City of Albany Police Department

CHIEF

The Chief of Police of the Albany Police Department.

COMPLAINT

A written statement concerning police conduct which is either submitted to the Community Police Review Board for filing with the Albany Police Department or filed directly with the Albany Police Department.

CPRB

The Community Police Review Board.

GENDER

Shall have the same meaning as set forth in section 48-25 (Definitions) of Article III (Omnibus Human Rights Law) of Chapter 48 (Equal Opportunity Protections) of this Code.

GOVERNMENT LAW CENTER

The Government Law Center of Albany Law School.

MEDIATION

A structured dispute resolution process in which a neutral third party assists the disputants by facilitating a nonbinding intervention.

OFFICER

Any sworn police officer of the City of Albany Police Department affected by an individual's complaint.

PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS (OPS)

The Professional Standards Unit of the City of Albany Police Department.

§ 42-334. CPRB establishment; appointment of members; funding.

A. There is hereby established a Community Police Review Board (CPRB) comprised of nine members, five of whom shall be appointed by the Common Council and four of whom shall be appointed by the Mayor.

B. Members shall be appointed for three-year terms; provided, however, that:

(1) Of members initially appointed by the Common Council: one shall be for a term of one year; two shall be for a term of two years; and two shall be for a term of three years.

(2) Of members initially appointed by the Mayor: one shall be for a term of one year; one shall be for a term of two years; and two shall be for a term of three years.

C. No member of the CPRB shall serve for a period which exceeds two full consecutive terms; provided, however, that a member may be considered for reappointment to the CPRB after one year of nonmembership.

D. Members shall continue to serve on the CPRB until their successors have been appointed.

E. Annually, the members of the CPRB shall elect from their membership a member to serve as Chair.

F. Upon submission to the Common Council, the annual proposed City of Albany operating budget shall include a separate appropriation to fund CPRB operations in an amount which is not less than one-percent of the total proposed budget of the Albany Police Department.

G. The Corporation Counsel shall advise and represent the Board as it would other public boards in accordance with applicable state and local law(s). Additionally, the CPRB may seek and retain separate legal counsel, whether on staff or contract, for any purpose otherwise authorized under this Part 33 in addition to utilization of the services of the Corporation Counsel at its discretion.

H. The CPRB shall annually adopt an operating budget within amounts available which, upon adoption, shall be transmitted to the Mayor and members of the Common Council. All contracts for outside services (legal or other) shall be procured in accordance with applicable procurement requirements..

§ 42-335. Removal of members; filling of vacancies.

CPRB members may be removed [~~from the CPRB~~] at any time for cause by a [~~2/3~~] two-thirds vote of the Common Council. Any vacancy occasioned by resignation, death or removal of a member shall be filled within 60 days in the same manner as the predecessor to fill the unexpired term.

§ 42-336. Qualifications of members.

Members of the CPRB shall reside in the City of Albany and possess a reputation for fairness, integrity and responsibility and have demonstrated an active interest in public affairs and service. The Common Council and the Mayor shall endeavor to reflect community diversity in their appointments, including income level, race, ethnicity, age, gender, sexual orientation and experience, and shall, in their appointments, solicit recommendations from the community. Officers (as defined in the City of Albany Charter), current employees of the City of Albany and the immediate relatives of officers and employees shall not be eligible for appointment.

§ 42-337. Quorum.

Five members of the CPRB shall constitute a quorum. Five votes shall be required for any action.

§ 42-338. Bylaws and rules.

The CPRB, with the advice and assistance of the ~~Government Law Center~~ Administrative Agency, shall adopt, and the Common Council shall approve, rules and bylaws for the transaction of CPRB affairs, including the manner of calling and giving notice of special meetings and the appointment and duties of any special committees.

§ 42-339. Training and orientation of members.

The ~~Government Law Center~~ Administrative Agency shall coordinate and conduct training and orientation of CPRB members and recommend for adoption by the Common Council written standards for orientation of appointees and continuing training of all CPRB members. Completion of the orientation program concerning the goals, powers and procedures of the CPRB is required before a member may participate as a voting member. In addition, graduation from the Albany Police Department's Community Police Academy (the curriculum of which shall include training in the laws applicable to public record concerns, internal affairs investigations, confidentiality issues and liability statutes; training in police procedures; participation in ride-alongs; defensive tactics training; firearms familiarization; and emergency vehicle operations) within six months of the start of the member's term is required. Further, the ~~Government Law Center~~ Administrative Agency shall provide to CPRB members, and the members shall undergo, continuing education on issues related to the interaction between civilians and police officers from the perspectives of both the complainant and the police officer and shall additionally include a review and update of relevant federal and state statutory amendments and case law. Further, at least one member of the CPRB shall be designated to become a member of the National Association of Civilian Oversight of Law Enforcement, and at least one member shall attend its annual conference.

§ 42-340. Recommendations, reports, data collection and analysis.

A. The CPRB may make recommendations to the Common Council and the Mayor regarding police policies and practices relevant to the goals of community policing and the exercise of discretionary authority by police officers.

B. The ~~Government Law Center~~ Administrative Agency shall submit an initial evaluation of the process provided for in this Part 33, one year after the establishment of the CPRB.

C. The ~~Government Law Center~~ Administrative Agency, on behalf of the CPRB, shall file quarterly and annual reports with the Common Council and the Mayor which contain statistics and summaries of complaints, including a comparison of the CPRB's findings with the final determinations of the Department. The ~~Government Law Center~~ Administrative Agency shall contract with one or more local colleges, universities or research institutions to conduct surveys of complainants concerning the level of their satisfaction with the process and to conduct surveys of the community to get feedback concerning the CPRB and the Police Department. The results of those surveys shall be reported to the CPRB, the Chief and the Common Council. In addition, the ~~Government Law Center~~ Administrative Agency shall collect data concerning alleged offenses and offenders and report this data to the Chief. The Chief shall

analyze and use the data concerning repeat alleged offenses and offenders to implement an "early warning system" to track repeat alleged offenses and offenders reported to CPRB and the Police Department.

D. The Chief shall issue a quarterly report to the CPRB on disciplinary investigations and action taken within the department and resolutions thereof. Such reports shall include both individualized information about specific cases and aggregate information. Additionally, the CPRB is authorized to request a report from the Chief on whether disciplinary action was taken in any specific case.

E. The CPRB may perform, or cause to be performed, an audit to assess the investigation and adjudication of civilian complaints.

§ 42-341. Member responsibilities.

CPRB members shall:

A. Maintain absolute confidentiality with respect to confidential or privileged information they receive and maintain a thorough knowledge of the legal protection accorded to police records, including the penalties imposed for violations.

B. Obey all laws respecting individuals' rights of privacy and confidentiality of records.

C. Not remove any Police Department, Professional Standards, personnel or other confidential files, records or tapes from City offices.

D. Excuse themselves from participating in the review of any complaint in which they have a personal, professional or financial conflict of interest.

E. Conduct themselves at all times in a manner that will maintain public confidence in the fairness, impartiality and integrity of the CPRB and refrain from making any prejudicial comments with respect to the CPRB, complainants or police officers.

F. Participate in orientation and training programs in accordance with § 42-339 of this Part.

§ 42-342. ~~Filing of complaints~~ Initiation of Complaints.

~~Complaints concerning police conduct shall be filed with the Police Department or submitted to the CPRB for filing with the Police Department as provided in this section. The CPRB may designate one or more locations for the submission of complaints for filing with the Police Department.~~

~~A. Complaints shall be lodged in writing using the City of Albany Police Department Complaint Form as approved by the CPRB for that purpose and shall be signed by the complainant. Complaint forms shall be printed in English and Spanish and shall be available at any City of Albany Police Department facility, the City Department of Administrative Services, the City Clerk's office and any other location designated by the CPRB.~~

~~B. A copy of each complaint submitted to the CPRB for filing with the Police Department shall be forwarded to the Police Department within two working days of its receipt; additionally, a copy of each complaint submitted to the Police Department (other than those submitted by the CPRB) shall be provided to the CPRB within two working days~~

~~of receipt by the Department. Upon receiving a complaint, the CPRB shall notify the complainant of the City's mediation program established in accordance with § 42-346 of this Part 33.~~

~~C. Complaints shall be filed within [six months] 180 days of the date of the incident giving rise to the complaint. Complaints filed after [six months] 180 days of the alleged misconduct shall, however, be returned, or accepted and reviewed by the CPRB upon a majority vote of its members to do so. The complainant shall be notified by the Board of the decision as to whether the complaint be returned, or accepted and reviewed.~~

~~A. Complaints may be received directly by the CPRB, or upon referral from OPS, the Mayor, the Common Council, any Council Member, the City Clerk, or the Chief. Any complaint received and accepted by the CPRB shall be transmitted to OPS, and any complaint received and accepted by OPS shall be transmitted to the CPRB. Complaints shall be filed within 180 days of the date of the incident giving rise to the complaint.~~

~~B. The CPRB shall receive complaints by telephone, in person, by mail, email or web form. Complaints shall be received and considered whether submitted under signature or anonymous. Efforts to simplify the procedure shall be made to encourage filing. Professional standards of confidentiality with regard to the written release of information and informed consent shall apply to all complaints filed. With respect to the confidentiality of all interested parties, the CPRB shall comply with all local, state, and federal laws.~~

~~C. Before proceeding with the complaint process, the CPRB shall make the complainant aware of and provide a referral to organizations that advocate for people who have experienced police misconduct and can explain the process of the CPRB and other options that exist beyond the CPRBs jurisdiction.~~

~~D. The CPRB shall have full access to information about any officer involved in the events that are the subject of a complaint, including information about prior complaints involving that officer and any action taken in response to those complaints. It shall be within the discretion of the CPRB whether to discuss in a public meeting, or include in the CPRB's findings, or otherwise make public, such information that is not otherwise subject to confidentiality standards.~~

~~E. When a complaint is filed, and OPS is in the possession of any audio or video footage pertaining to the incident (including, but not limited to, body camera footage and dash-board camera footage), OPS shall make such footage available for any members of the CPRB upon request. If OPS fails to make the footage available within fourteen days of the request, it shall forward a notice to the CPRB and the Common Council explaining the delay. Upon request of the CPRB, the Common Council may, after consideration, direct the release of such footage to the CPRB notwithstanding the requested delay. It shall be within the discretion of the CPRB whether to discuss in a public meeting, or include in the CPRB's findings, or otherwise make public, such information.~~

§ 42-343. ~~Review of complaints~~ Powers and Duties.

~~Review of the complaint shall proceed as provided in this section.~~

~~A. Professional Standards shall investigate every complaint filed. The Chief shall file with the CPRB [quarterly] monthly reports on the status of the investigation of each complaint.~~

~~B. In the event that a complaint alleges the use of excessive force or a violation of civil rights, the definition of which shall include complaints pertaining to sexual orientation, the CPRB shall appoint an individual to:~~

~~(1) Observe and monitor the Professional Standards investigation of such complaint from the outset of the investigation; and~~

~~(2) Report to the CPRB and the Chief as to the conduct of the investigation. Such report may recommend additional witnesses whose statements should be taken, additional questions which should be answered and additional documents or other evidence which should be reviewed. Such report may cite deficiencies, if any, in the investigation, including whether the number of witnesses questioned by Professional Standards, the scope of the questions asked of them and the review of documents or other evidence was sufficient. The individual shall be selected on a rotating basis from the panel of investigators established in accordance with Subsection **H** of this section.~~

~~C. Professional Standards, with the advice and assistance of the Government Law Center, shall develop procedures and practices for the conduct of investigations of complaints, including procedures and practices for briefing and communicating with the appointed individuals referenced in Subsection **B** of this section. The Government Law Center shall periodically review and make recommendations to Professional Standards with regard to such procedures and practices.~~

~~D. Professional Standards shall begin its investigation of each complaint immediately upon receipt of the complaint. If Professional Standards fails to conclude its investigation within 60 days of receipt of the complaint, it shall advise the CPRB and the Common Council in writing of the status of the investigation and the estimated time for the conclusion of the investigation. Thereafter, Professional Standards shall advise the CPRB and the Common Council in writing of the status of the investigation every 30 days until the conclusion of the investigation.~~

~~E. Within 10 working days of the conclusion of the Professional Standards investigation, the Chief of Police shall submit a preliminary report of the Department's findings to the CPRB.~~

~~F. After review and deliberation of the preliminary report of the Department's findings, the CPRB shall:~~

~~(1) Render its finding pursuant to § ~~42-344~~ of this Part ~~33~~; or~~

~~(2) Request that Professional Standards conduct further investigation of the complaint; or~~

~~(3) Obtain further case-specific information from the Chief, including written materials, audio or videotapes and related documents.~~

~~G. In the event that the CPRB is dissatisfied with the extent and/or the quality of the further investigation referenced in Subsection **F**(2) of this section, it shall promptly inform the Mayor, the Common Council, and the Chief, in writing, of the specific deficiency in the investigation. At that point, the Mayor and the Chief shall be responsible for reviewing the investigation in full to gather whatever additional information may be necessary to meet the requirements of the CPRB. The Mayor and the Chief shall have three weeks to respond to the CPRB. Such process shall allow the full force and authority of the Office of the Mayor, including the ability to compel employee testimony, to be provided on behalf of the CPRB. The Mayor and the Chief shall have three weeks to respond to the CPRB.~~

~~H. In the event that the CPRB is dissatisfied with the extent and/or the quality of the Mayor's and the Chief's review of the investigation, or does not receive a timely response in accordance with subsection G of this section, it shall promptly inform the Common Council, in writing, of the specific deficiency in the investigation. In such event, the CPRB may [seek authorization from the Common Council to] conduct[, on the Common Council's behalf,] an investigation with the services of an outside independent investigator. The investigator shall be selected on a rotating basis from a panel of investigators comprised of certified investigators, attorneys, retired judges and the like who are recommended by the Government Law Center and approved by the Common Council and the Mayor. The Government Law Center, the Common Council and the Mayor shall endeavor to reflect community diversity in this panel of investigators. The use of an outside independent investigator, however, shall be limited to complaints alleging use of excessive force or civil rights violations, the definition of which shall include complaints pertaining to sexual~~

~~orientation. Outside independent investigators shall have access to the same information to which the CPRB shall have access. Furthermore, in the event that the CPRB is dissatisfied with the extent and/or the quality of the Mayor's and the Chief's review of the investigation of a complaint alleging the use of excessive force or the violation of civil rights, it may [request that the Common Council use its subpoena power pursuant to Article 4, Section 407, of the City Charter] issue subpoenas to call witnesses, upto and including APD employees, and victims, and require the production of documents for purposes of the CPRB's review of the extent and quality of the investigation. The [Common Council] CPRB shall use its subpoena authority in a manner consistent with applicable legal requirements and appropriate safeguards for confidentiality and due process.~~

- A. The CPRB shall have the power to conduct independent investigations as necessary, the power to issue subpoenas to compel testimony and the production of evidence, and the power to discipline Officers if a complaint of misconduct is sustained.
- B. The CPRB shall establish a disciplinary matrix in conjunction with the Chief. Such matrix shall include clearly delineated penalty levels with ranges of sanctions which progressively increase based on the gravity of the misconduct and the number of prior sustained complaints. The CPRB, in consultation with the Chief and OPS, shall review the disciplinary matrix annually, and consider any recommended changes. The Chief shall decide the final version of the disciplinary matrix to be used.
- C. The CPRB shall periodically review and assess APD policies, procedures, patterns, practices and training and may recommend changes to the APD. Written acknowledgment of receipt of recommendations will be sent to the Chair of CPRB from the Chief within 60 days with a detailed listing of what items are and are not being implemented.
- D. The CPRB and the Chief shall establish a cooperative relationship to ensure the orderly and efficient flow of information.
- E. Accessibility.
 - 1) The CPRB shall provide or arrange language access for limited- or non-English-proficient complainants and witnesses at all stages of the investigative and adjudicative process. Language access shall be available during all operating hours of the CPRB.
 - 2) The CPRB shall provide reasonable accommodations in accordance with federal, state and local law to individuals with disabilities at all stages of the investigative and adjudicative process. Such accommodations shall be available during all operating hours of the CPRB and shall include but not be limited to: accessible means of egress, accessible means of communication via auxiliary aids or services giving primary consideration to preferences of the individual deserving such services, and access to ASL interpreters.
- G. Investigation of complaints.
 - 1) The CPRB may interview complainants, witnesses and APD officers, and gather relevant evidence. OPS shall provide the CPRB with written notice of the commencement of any investigation, and likewise, the CPRB shall provide the OPS with written notice of the commencement of any investigation.
 - 2) The CPRB shall have the power to investigate any and all conduct, acts or omissions by any APD officer independent of any investigation conducted by OPS.
 - 3) Subpoenas may be issued by the CPRB at any time during the review and adjudication processes. Such subpoenas may compel the attendance of witnesses, APD officers, APD employees, and/or persons, and require the production of records and other materials, including records of the APD, other persons or other agencies. A copy of any subpoena served upon an APD officer or employee

shall also be delivered to the Chief. CPRB subpoenas are enforceable pursuant to relevant provisions of Article 23 of the New York Civil Practice Law and Rules.

- 4) Upon receipt of a complaint, within the time frame allotted in accordance with any applicable police collective bargaining agreement, OPS shall provide to the CPRB its entire investigative case file related to the complaint. Thereafter, OPS shall send any newly acquired evidence to the CPRB within five business days of the acquisition of the evidence. If OPS makes any findings with respect to the complaint, they shall send all such findings to the CPRB within five business days.
- 5) One police officer holding the rank of Captain or higher shall be made available by the Chief to the CPRB at the CPRB's request to serve as a consultant or advisor should questions arise from members of the CPRB regarding specific police practices, policies, or general orders. The officer so assigned shall be neither from OPS nor the Commanding officer of the officer(s) involved in the case being reviewed.
- 6) A complainant may, at any time, decline to have their complaint investigated and reviewed by the CPRB. Such declination must be made in writing.
- 7) Statements made by complainants, APD officers or employees, or witnesses are subject to the CPRB's determinations of weight and credibility. Participation or lack of participation in the hearing process may be considered by the CPRB as one factor in their determination of credibility.
- 8) The Chief shall take no final action on a complaint, whether received directly by the APD or by the CPRB, until receipt of the CPRB's findings and decision, or notice that the CPRB has determined no disciplinary action is appropriate. Nonetheless, the Chief shall retain the authority to suspend an APD officer during the investigation and adjudication of a complaint against the APD officer. Any documentary information that the Chief discusses in public or with the media must be made available to the CPRB.

§ 42-344. Findings of the CPRB.

A. The CPRB, after review and deliberation of an investigation, shall, by majority vote, make one of the following findings on the case:

- (1) Sustained: where the review discloses sufficient facts to prove the allegations made in the complaint.
- (2) Not Sustained: where the review fails to disclose sufficient facts to prove or disprove the allegation made in the complaint.
- (3) Exonerated: where the acts which provide the basis for the complaint occurred, but the review shows that such acts were proper.
- (4) Unfounded: where the review shows that the act or acts complained of did not occur or were misconstrued.
- (5) Ineffective Policy or Training: where the matter does not involve guilt or lack thereof, but rather ineffective departmental policy or training to address the situation.
- (6) No Finding: where, for example, the complainant failed to produce information to further the investigation; or where the investigation revealed that another agency was responsible and the complaint or complainant has been referred to that agency; or where the complainant withdrew the complaint; or where the complainant is unavailable to clarify the complaint [~~or where the officer is no longer employed by the City~~].

B. If the CPRB fails to render a finding referenced above within 60 days of its receipt of the preliminary report of the Department's findings, the complaint file shall be returned to the Chief for disposition of the matter, unless the CPRB shall advise the Chief, the complainant and the affected officer in writing of the reason for the delay in rendering its

finding. In such case, the CPRB shall provide the Chief, the complainant and the affected officer with monthly updates on the status of the complaint. In any event, if the CPRB fails to render a finding referenced above within 120 days of its receipt of the preliminary report of the Department's findings, the complaint file shall be returned to the Chief for disposition of the matter.

§ 42-345. Final determination.

At the conclusion of its review, the CPRB shall make its finding known to the Chief, the affected officer and the complainant within 30 days. The Chief of Police shall review the Department's preliminary report in light of the CPRB's finding and then make the Department's final determination known to the CPRB, the affected officer and the complainant. In the event that the Department's final determination is inconsistent with the CPRB's finding, the CPRB may request that the Chief provide a written explanation of the Department's final determination.

§ 42-346. Mediation process.

A. A mediation process shall be established and coordinated by the ~~Government Law Center~~ Administrative Agency in accordance with this section.

B. Mediation shall be conducted at no cost to the complainant or officer by highly trained and experienced mediators selected from a list compiled by the ~~Government Law Center~~ Administrative Agency and approved by the Common Council and the Mayor. The ~~Government Law Center~~ Administrative Agency, the Common Council and the Mayor shall endeavor to reflect community diversity in this list of mediators. The ~~Government Law Center~~ Administrative Agency shall develop an appropriate training curriculum which each mediator shall be required to complete. Each mediator shall be a graduate of the Albany Police Department's Community Police Academy. In addition, the ~~Government Law Center~~ Administrative Agency shall provide to the mediators, and the mediators shall undergo, continuing education on issues related to the interaction between civilians and police officers from the perspectives of both the complainant and the police officer.

C. Upon receipt of complaint, unless the case involves an allegation of excessive force, an alleged violation of civil rights or an allegation of criminal conduct against an officer, or the complaint is a result of an incident that involves an arrest, or if there was an injury to either party, or if there was property damage by an officer, the complaint will be considered appropriate for mediation.

D. An eligible complaint shall be reviewed for potential recommendation for mediation by the Board and by the Chief or his designee. Five members of the Board will be contacted by the ~~Government Law Center~~ Administrative Agency and a decision made as to appropriateness for mediation by a majority of those five members. A decision regarding mediation shall be made within two business days by both the Board and the Chief. If either the Board or the Chief finds a complaint inappropriate for mediation, then the matter shall be referred to OPS for investigation consistent with this article.

E. If the Board and the Chief recommend a complaint for mediation, both the complainant and the officer will have the option of electing to continue with the mediation process. If either party declines mediation, then the matter shall be referred to OPS for investigation consistent with this article.

F. If the parties agree to mediate, then the complaint will not be investigated by the Police Department regardless of the outcome of the mediation.

G. If the parties agree to mediate, the process shall follow the mediation protocols adopted by the CPRB.

H. Every reasonable effort shall be made to schedule mediation during an officer's normal working hours.

I. Mediators shall conduct mediation sessions with officers and complainants at times and places agreed upon by the parties.

J. In conducting the mediation, the mediators may not impose an outcome on the parties.

K. Mediation sessions shall be closed to the public. Matters discussed shall be confidential.

L. Statements and records disclosed during mediation may not be disclosed or introduced in evidence during any judicial or administrative proceeding, and mediators may not be compelled by a subpoena to give testimony or produce anything related to the mediation.

M. Upon the completion of the mediation process, the CPRB shall issue a finding of "Mediated," and the allegations shall be deleted from the officer's CPRB history.

§ 42-347. Meetings.

A. The CPRB shall hold its first meeting within 30 days after a quorum of its members has completed the orientation program. At that meeting, the CPRB shall fix the time and place for its regularly scheduled meetings.

B. The CPRB may conduct both public and closed meetings as allowed or required by the Open Meetings Law.

C. The Chief shall designate a representative from Professional Standards to attend meetings of the CPRB and to provide information and advice to the CPRB. The representative shall not be viewed as a member of the CPRB.

D. Officers and complainants may attend meetings of the CPRB.

E. The ~~Government Law Center~~ Administrative Agency shall provide all staff services to the CPRB, including the maintenance of CPRB files and records. Furthermore, the ~~Government Law Center~~ Administrative Agency shall be responsible for the preparation of CPRB reports and review findings and recommendations referenced in this Part.

§ 42-348. Suspension of proceedings.

Upon the written recommendation of the Corporation Counsel, the Common Council [~~or~~] and the Mayor concurrently may suspend the CPRB review of any complaint where a separate criminal investigation is underway or where a civil action against the City is underway or pending. Upon the conclusion of such separate proceedings, the CPRB may resume or undertake its review.

§ 42-349. Information sharing.

The CPRB shall forward, in writing, to the Chief any new case-specific information it obtains during the course of an investigation concerning an incident or practice subject to a complaint. Similarly, during the course of a CPRB review, the Chief shall forward to the CPRB, in writing, any new case-specific information the Chief obtains after the conclusion of the Professional Standards investigation and the submission of the Department's preliminary report to the CPRB referenced in § 42-343 of this Part concerning an incident or police practice subject to a complaint.

§ 42-350. Community outreach.

The CPRB, with the assistance of the ~~Government Law Center~~ Administrative Agency, shall inform the public about the CPRB and its duties. It shall develop and administer an ongoing program for the education of the public as to the

mission and purposes of the CPRB process and the law established by this Part, which shall include the use of informational pamphlets and seminars.

§ 42-351. Retention of administrative agency.

In consultation with the CPRB and the Common Council, the Administrative Agency shall be retained pursuant to a request for qualifications (RFQ), periodically issued by the Corporation Counsel, to undertake the administrative functions of such agency as set forth in this Part 33. Such agency shall have the capacity to undertake legal and other research as necessary, development of administrative procedures, and statistical and report compilation in addition to such other functions set forth in this Part.

§ 42-352. Construction of Part.

The purposes of this Part favor resolution of ambiguity toward the goal of promoting public documentation and openness in the resolution of complaints of misconduct by police officers. This Part shall be deemed to supersede and repeal any and all provisions of local laws or local administrative orders which are inconsistent or conflict with any provisions of this Part. No report, finding or determination made pursuant to this Part shall in any way conflict with or abridge the rights of complainants or officers guaranteed by the United States Constitution, the New York State Constitution or any federal or state law, rule, regulation or administrative order.

§ 42-353. Severability.

If any clause, sentence, paragraph, sections or part of this Part shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or otherwise unenforceable, such judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder thereof but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, sections or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered.

Section 2. Until such time as an administrative agency for the Community Police Review Board is retained in accordance with Article XLIV (General Provisions) of Part 33 (Community Police Review Board) of Chapter 42 (Departments and Commissions of the Code of the City of Albany, as amended by section 1 of this local law, the Government Law Center shall continue to serve in such capacity and any contractual agreements shall be adjusted accordingly.

Section 3. This local law shall take effect upon final passage, public hearing and filing with the Secretary of State, provided however that subsections (F) and (H) of Section 42-334 of Part 33 (Community Police Review Board) of the Code of the City of Albany as added by section 1 of this local law , shall take effect January 1, 2022, and provided further that the provisions of such subsection (F) shall be applicable to the City of Albany operating budget for fiscal year 2022, and provided further the CPRB in cooperation with the administrative agency may take such actions as necessary prior to any effective date to ensure the timely implementation of the provisions herein.

- Council member Hoey, Council member Igoe, Council member Frederick, and Paul Bailey asked questions in which President Pro Temp and Council member Conti answered.
- Council members Doeschate, Hoey and Frederick spoke on the legislation in which Research Counsel responded
- Brett Williams explained Corporation Counsel email regarding Rochester Community Police Review Board legal proceeding and Corporation Counsel position on Local Law J of 2020 *As Amended*
- Ava Avery and Nairobi Vives spoke Local Law J of 2020 *As Amended*
- Council member Frederick made a motion to move Local Law J of 2020 *As Amended* out of committee with a positive recommendation, which was seconded by Council Member Hoey. Council member Balarin spoke on motion. The motion passed unanimous.
- The chair opened up public comment

- Council Hoey, Conti, Fahey, Frederick, Doesschate, Johnson asked questions regarding Albany Police Reform & Reinvention Collaborative recommendations in which Jasmine Higgins, President Pro Tem Kimbrough, John-Raphael Pichardo, Brett Williams, and Ava Avery responded to
- Joe Ingemie, Tandra LaGrone, Dannielle Hille, Larry Becker and Dr. Alice Green spoke on Albany Police Reform & Reinvention Collaborative recommendations
- President Pro Tem, Council member Igoe and Council member Doesschate

Public Comment:

Dr. Alice Green, Center for Law and Justice (share concerns for Albany Police Reform & Reinvention Collaborative Recommendations)

Paul Bailey, Albany, NY (concern of safety)

Greg McGee, Albany, NY (share concerns of Local Law J of 2020)

Adjourn:

The Chairperson asked for a motion to adjourn at 7:08pm, which was duly made, seconded, and passed.

This meeting was held following Governor Cuomo's executive order 202.1. It live streamed on Facebook <https://www.facebook.com/albany.commoncouncil/> using Zoom as the meeting platform.

Link to video recordings: <https://fb.watch/3xBzrp04pW/>